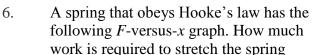
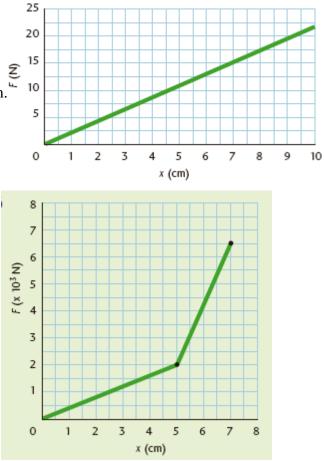
Worksheet 4: Elastic Potential Energy

- 1. Solve for each unknown.
 - A) A spring with k = 450 N/m is compressed by 0.13 m. How much energy is stored?
 - B) A spring with k = 520 N/m stores 7.04 J. How far is it extended from the equilibrium position?
 - C) A spring, when compressed 0.20 m from the equilibrium position, stores 26 J. What is the value of the spring constant?
- 2. The coil springs on a car's suspension have a value of $k = 6.4 \times 10^4$ N/m. When the car strikes a bump the springs briefly compress by 4.0 cm. How much energy is momentarily stored in each spring?
- 3. A spring attached to a ceiling has a mass of 500.0 g suspended from it such that the spring stretches 4.0 cm. Calculate the spring constant.
- 4. How much work must be done to
 - A) compress a spring 4.0 cm if the spring constant is 55 N/m?
 - B) stretch a spring 8.0 cm if the spring constant is 85 N/m?
- 5. Below is a graph of *F* versus *x* for an elastic spring. Determine:
 - A) the spring constant.
 - B) the spring's maximum amount of elastic potential energy.
 - C) the change in elastic potential energy when the spring extends from 3 cm to 4 cm.



- A) 5.0 cm?
- B) 7.0 cm?



7. A bungee cord needs to transfer 2.0×10^6 J of energy. A 10-kg mass extends the bungee cord 1.3 m. What is the maximum extension of the bungee cord?