CONSTITUTION SCAVENGER HUNT

QUESTIONS:

1. When was the Constitution signed?

2. How many individuals signed the Constitution?

3. How many “Articles” are there in the Constitution?

4. Which state had the most signers to the Constitution?

5. Which Article deals with the Executive Branch of Government?

6. Which Article deals with the Judicial Branch of Government?

7. How many amendments are there to the Constitution?

8. Name the only amendment that has been repealed.

9. Which amendment protects us from illegal searches and seizures?

10. What does the phrase “full faith and credit” mean in Article IV of the Constitution?
11. Which amendment was the most recent one to be passed?

12. The United States government is based on a bicameral (two house) legislature. Name the two “houses” of our government.

13. What does the term “impeachment” mean? Which of the two houses impeaches?

14. Specifically, in which part of the Constitution are the powers of the federal government listed?

15. Which Article deals with the Judicial Branch of government?

16. List four powers of the President as outlined in Article II.

17. Which amendment ended slavery in 1865?

18. Name the three constitutional qualifications to be a member of the United States House of Representatives.

19. Name the three constitutional qualifications to be a member of the United States Senate.

20. Where would one find a list of the powers forbidden to Congress?
We the People

Article 1

Section 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 3. Representatives and direct Taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which shall have at least a fixed number of Representatives, and the Number of Congressmen for each State shall have at least a fixed number of Representatives. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first Meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten Years, in such Manner as they shall deem most convenient. The Number of Representatives shall never be less than the Number of States in this Union, nor have less than the number of Members of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislatures.

Section 4. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by Law appoint a different Day.

Section 5. Each House shall be the Judge of the Elections, Returns, and Qualifications of its own Members, and a Majority of each shall be the Quorum necessary for the Assembly of both Houses; but a smaller Number may adjourn from time to time, until a Quorum shall be present. Each House may, for the better performance of its duty, appoint a Committee ofstairs, and such other Committees and Officers, as may be necessary. Both Houses shall keep Journals, and be answerable to the People for the public business conducted by them; and shall publish the same, upon Application in open Court.

Section 6. The Senators shall be chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 7. The Senators shall be paid out of the National Treasury for their Services in Congress, and shall not, during the Time for which they are elected, receive, either directly or indirectly, any Office under the United States, or any of them, or any contract, reward, or present, from any person or Company, on Account of any Service performed for them in any such Office, Place, or Capacity.

Section 8. The Congress shall have Power...