Name: _____

Date: _____

<u>Chapter 11B: Coordinate Geometry Triangle Proofs</u> <u>Topic 1: Classifying Triangles</u>

<u>Recall the classifications of triangles</u>:

By Sides:

- **Scalene** Triangle: All three sides of the triangle have different lengths.
- **Isosceles** Triangle: Two of the three sides of the triangle have the same length.
- **Equilateral** Triangle: All three sides of the triangle have the same length.

To classify any triangle by its SIDES use: ______

By Angles:

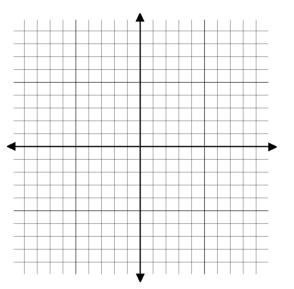
- **Right** Triangle: One right angle
- Acute Triangle: All acute angles
- Obtuse Triangle: One obtuse angle

To classify a RIGHT triangle use: _____

Then

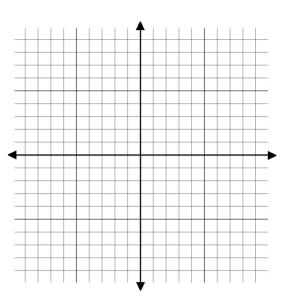
Practice Examples:

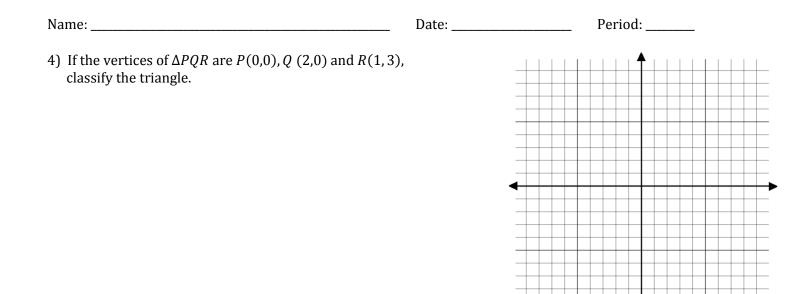
1) The coordinates of the vertices of $\triangle ABC$ are A(-5,3), B(-1,-2) and C(2,3). Show that $\triangle ABC$ is scalene.



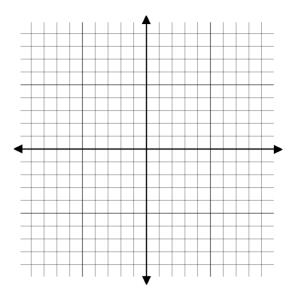
Name:	Date:	Period:
2) Given ΔHIJ with <i>H</i> (5,2), <i>I</i> (6,1) and <i>J</i> (8,4). U geometry prove that ΔHIJ is an isosceles trian	sing coordinate	

3) If the vertices of $\triangle PQR$ are P(-6, -5), Q(4, -5) and R(4, -1), show that it is a right triangle.



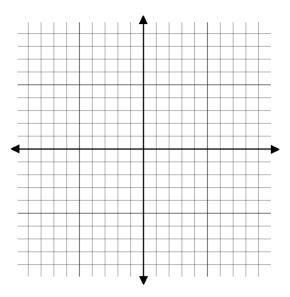


5) The coordinates of the vertices of ΔHIJ are H(-3,3), I(1,-3) and J(3,7). Using coordinate geometry prove that ΔHIJ is an isosceles right triangle.



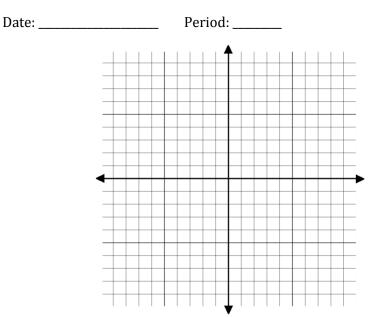
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A(-3 - 1)	
calene triangle.	
	ndinate Geometry Trian ppic 1 Homework A(-3, -1), calene triangle.

2) If the vertices of $\triangle DEF$ are D(-6,3), E(-2,3) and F(0,1), show that $\triangle DEF$ is not an isosceles triangle.

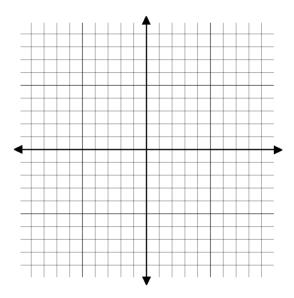


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3) If the coordinates of the vertices of $\triangle PQR$ are P(6, 4), Q(-2, 9) and R(3, 7). Using coordinate geometry classify the triangle.



4.) The coordinates of the vertices of ΔVAC are V(-9, -2), A(-3,4) and C(3, -2). Using coordinate geometry prove that ΔVAC is an isosceles right triangle.



Name:	Date:	Period:
 5.) If the coordinates of the vertices of Δ<i>HIJ</i> are <i>H</i>(0, – <i>I</i> (5, –2) and <i>J</i>(0, 10). Classify the triangle by side a 	2),	

Extra examples if you need more practice

1) The coordinates of the vertices of $\triangle ABC$ are A(5, 4) B(2, 7) and C(-3, 6). Show that $\triangle ABC$ is a scalene triangle.

2) If the coordinates of the vertices of ΔDEF are D(8, -2) E(-4, 6) and F(1, 5). Using coordinate geometry classify the triangle.

3) If the coordinates of the vertices of ΔDEF are D(2,3) E(0,0) and F(4,0). Show that ΔDEF is an isosceles triangle.

4) If the coordinates of the vertices of ΔSTU are S(-4, 3) T(4,3) and U(0,8). Using coordinate geometry classify the triangle.

5) If ΔWXY has the vertices W(3, 4) X(3, 8) and Y(6, 4), classify the triangle.

6) If the vertices of ΔLMN are L(4, -1) M(5, 6) and N(1,3) show that ΔLMN is an isosceles right triangle.

Date: _____

Coordinate Geometry Triangle Proofs (HW)

1)
$$AB = \sqrt{68}$$
 2) $DE = \sqrt{16}$
 $BC = \sqrt{45}$
 $EF = \sqrt{8}$
 $AC = \sqrt{29}$
 $DF = \sqrt{40}$

3)
$$PQ = \sqrt{89}$$

 $QR = \sqrt{29}$
 $PR = \sqrt{18}$
 \therefore scalene

4.)
$$VA = \sqrt{72}$$

 $AC = \sqrt{72}$
 $VC = \sqrt{144}$

5.)
$$HI = \sqrt{25}$$

 $IJ = \sqrt{169}$
 $HJ = \sqrt{144}$

∴ Scalene Right ∴ not Isosceles Right

1) $AB = \sqrt{18}$	2) $DE = \sqrt{208}$	3) $DE = \sqrt{13}$	4) $ST = \sqrt{64}$
$BC = \sqrt{26}$	$EF = \sqrt{26}$	$EF = \sqrt{16}$	$TU = \sqrt{41}$
$AC = \sqrt{68}$	$DF = \sqrt{98}$	$DF = \sqrt{13}$	$SU = \sqrt{41}$
5) $WX = \sqrt{16}$	6) $LM = \sqrt{50}$		
$XY = \sqrt{25}$	$MN = \sqrt{25}$		
$WY = \sqrt{9}$	$LN = \sqrt{25}$		
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